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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/665,036	09/19/2000	Nebojsa Ilic	13297/00002	5475
. <b>7</b> :	590 12/28/2004		EXAM	INER
MARSHALL, O'TOOLE, GERSTEIN, MURRAY & BORUN 6300 SEARS TOWER			LEITH, PATRICIA A	
	ACKER DRIVE		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
CHICAGO, IL			1654	;

DATE MAILED: 12/28/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

\$	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
•	09/665,036	ILIC ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Patricia Leith	1654			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	rely filed  s will be considered timely.  the mailing date of this communication.  O (35 U.S.C. § 133)			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 S	eptember 2004.				
2a)⊠ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)□ This	action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>5-10,19-23,34,35 and 37-39</u> is/are per 4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>35</u> is/are withdrawn from 5. □ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>5-10,19-23,34 and 37-39</u> is/are reject from 5. □ Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	rom consideration.	-			
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration, is objected to by the Ex					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Application rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No d in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)	•				
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ol>	4) Interview Summary ( Paper No(s)/Mail Dai 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:				

Art Unit: 1654

## **DETAILED ACTION**

Claims 5-10, 19-23, 34-35 and 37-39 are pending in the application.

Claim 35 was withdrawn from consideration as it is drawn to a non-elected species in the previous Office Action.

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a previous Office Action.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation

Art Unit: 1654

under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 5-7, 9, 10, 19-23 and 38-39 are newly rejected under 35 USC 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sal'kova et al. (1981).

Applicant's arguments are essentially moot in light of this new rejection. The teachings of Sal'kova et al. were keenly discussed in the previous Office Action.

Sal'kova et al. did not specifically teach wherein the final product obtained from extracting the waxy layer from the apples was admixed with a pharmaceutical carrier.

It is noted that the term 'pharmaceutical carrier' is very broad. It is deemed that the term 'pharmaceutical carrier' can be drawn to water or oil for example.

One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to admix the final product obtained from the extraction of Sal'kova et al. in order to dilute samples of apple extract for analysis.

Applicant argues that Sal'kova et al. did not teach that the extract obtained from the apples had an anti-viral effect. Again, it is deemed that because the process

Art Unit: 1654

disclosed by Sal'kova et al. for extraction of plant material is virtually identical to the method for obtaining the extract as found in the Instant specification, it is deemed that this property would have been inherent absent sufficient evidence to the contrary.

Claims 5, 9-10, 19-23, 34, 37 and 39 are newly rejected under 35 USC 103(a) as being unpatentable over Archer et al. (1971).

Applicant's arguments are essentially moot in light of this new rejection. The teachings of Archer et al. were keenly discussed in the previous Office Action. Archer et al. did not specifically teach wherein the final product obtained from extracting the waxy layer from the apples was admixed with a pharmaceutical carrier.

Again, it is deemed that one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to admix the final product obtained from the extraction of Archer et al. with a carrier such as water or oil in order to dilute samples of the extract for analysis.

Applicant again argues that Archer et al. did not teach wherein the extract had anti-viral activity, and again it is pointed out that because Archer et al. disclosed virtually the same extraction procedure as found in the Instant specification, that the products would have been the same, or so similar that no discernable difference can be made. Considering the similarities of the extracts, it is deemed that they would possess the

Art Unit: 1654

same inherent characteristics and therefore display the same effects, especially absent evidence to the contrary.

Claims 5, 9-10, 19-23, 34,37 and 39 remain rejected under 35 USC 103(a) as being obvious over Archer et al. (1971) in view of McMurray (1992).

Again, Archer et al. did not specifically teach the incorporation of a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier to the final extracted product. As indicated supra, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to add water or oil to the final product in order to evaluate the final product.

From the teachings of the references, it is apparent that one of ordinary skill in the art would have had a reasonable expectation of success in producing the claimed invention. Therefore, the invention as a whole was *prima facie* obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, as evidenced by the references, especially in the absence of evidence to the contrary.

For the reasons set forth Supra, no claims are allowed.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP

Art Unit: 1654

§ 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Patricia Leith whose telephone number is (571) 272-0968. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30am-5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Bruce Campell can be reached on (571) 272-0974. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Patricia Leith Primary Examiner Art Unit 1654

12/23/04